

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

CAS: 106-25-2 EC: 203-378-7

REACH: 01-2119983244-33

Product name: NEROL 900 Product code: H14107.

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture: Raw material used in perfumery preparations.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: IFF Inc.. Address: 600 Highway 36.07730.Hazlet..

Telephone: +17322644500. Fax: +17323352551.

sds@iff.com

Reconditioned and distributed by: BLH s.a.s

Address: ZAC du Pilon - 06460 SAINT VALLIER DE THIEY

Tèl: 04 92 60 35 60 - Fax: 04 92 60 35 69

Website: www.blhsas.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

This substance does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This substance does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:





GHS05 GHS07

Signal Word:

DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 203-378-7 NEROL EC 203-377-1 GERANIOL EC 203-375-0 CITRONELLOL EC 226-394-6 CITRAL

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not fulfil the PBT or vPvP criteria in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

**Composition:** 

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 106-25-2	GHS07		90-100
EC: 203-378-7	Wng		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
NEROL	Skin Sens. 1B, H317		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
CAS: 106-24-1	GHS07, GHS05		3-10
EC: 203-377-1	Dgr		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
GERANIOL	Skin Sens. 1B, H317		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
CAS: 106-22-9	GHS07		1-10
EC: 203-375-0	Wng		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
CITRONELLOL	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
CAS: 5392-40-5	GHS07		0.1-1
EC: 226-394-6	Wng		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
CITRAL	Skin Sens. 1B, H317		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		

**Specific concentration limits:** 

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE				
CAS: 106-25-2		oral: ATE = 4500 mg/kg BW				
EC: 203-378-7						
NEROL						

## **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. description of first aid measures

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

# In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor. Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- powder
- foam

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the substance is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this substance.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Provide emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the substance is handled constantly.

## Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## **Recommended equipment and procedures:**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid eye contact with this substance at all times.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the substance is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

No data available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):





Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

Colour

Unspecified

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Melting point/melting range: Not specified.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range: Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not specified.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

Flash point

Flash Point: 99.00 °C.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Self-ignition temperature: Not specified.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

pН

pH: Not relevant. pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

**Solubility** 

Water solubility: Insoluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2,750

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Density and/or relative density

Density: CoA

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

**Particle characteristics** 

The substance does not contain nanoforms.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

This substance is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heat

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong acids

- alkalis
- oxidising agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### 11.1.1. Substances

### a) Acute toxicity:

NEROL (CAS: 106-25-2)

Oral route : LD50 = 4500 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

### b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

### c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

## d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

# e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

NEROL (CAS: 106-25-2)

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

With or without metabolic activation.

### f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

### g) Reproductive toxicant:

No data available.

### h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

### i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

## j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.1.1. Substances

NEROL (CAS: 106-25-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 20.3 mg/l Species: Danio rerio

Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 32.4 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 9.54 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### 12.2.1. Substances

CITRONELLOL (CAS: 106-22-9)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

GERANIOL (CAS: 106-24-1)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

NEROL (CAS: 106-25-2)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.3.1. Substances

NEROL (CAS: 106-25-2)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 2.75

OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)

Bioaccumulation: BCF = 30.76

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the substance and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number or ID number

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2024/2564. (ATP 22)

#### **Container information:**

No data available.

## Particular provisions:

No data available.

## Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

Substance not restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

## Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):

The substance is not subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/en/authorisation-list.

## Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol):

The substance does not pose a risk to the ozone layer.

## Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The substance is subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

### PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The substance is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

## **Explosives precursors:**

The substance is not subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the substance and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS05: Corrosion

GHS07: Exclamation mark

IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

PIC: Prior Informed Consent.

POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).