

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

CAS: 100-51-6 EC: 202-859-9

REACH: 01-2119492630-38

Product name: ALCOOL BENZYLIQUE FR 162041

Product code: E01200.

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture: Raw material used in perfumery preparations.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: Symrise AG.

Address: Muehlenfeldstrasse 1.D-37603.Holzminden.. Telephone: +495531900. Fax: +495531901649.

sds@symrise.com

Reconditioned and distributed by: BLH s.a.s

Address: ZAC du Pilon - 06460 SAINT VALLIER DE THIEY

Tèl: 04 92 60 35 60 - Fax: 04 92 60 35 69

Website: www.blhsas.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Acute oral toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H302).

Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H332).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

This substance does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This substance does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS07

Signal Word : WARNING

Product identifiers:

EC 202-859-9 BENZYL ALCOHOL

Hazard statements:

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not fulfil the PBT or vPvP criteria in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substances

**Composition:** 

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 100-51-6	GHS07		98-100
EC: 202-859-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119492630-38	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
BENZYL ALCOHOL	Acute Tox. 4, H332		

#### **Specific concentration limits:**

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 100-51-6		oral: ATE = 1620 mg/kg BW
EC: 202-859-9		
REACH: 01-2119492630-38		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. description of first aid measures

### In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Do not proceed with mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use the appropriate equipment.

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

## In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water, administer activated medical charcoal and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the substance is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

# Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid eye contact with this substance.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the substance is used.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

# **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

No data available.

# Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 40 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 110 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 22 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 4 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 20 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 4 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 20 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 5.4 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 27 mg of substance/m3

### Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.456 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.

PNEC: 0.1 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 5.27 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.527 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 39 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### - Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

Colour

Unspecified

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Melting point/melting range : env. -15 °C

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: 205 °C à1.013,0 mbar

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

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Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

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Flash point

Flash Point Interval : FP > 100 °C.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Self-ignition temperature : 436 °C.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

рН

pH: Not relevant. pH (aqueous solution): Not stated.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Dynamique: 5,05 mPa.s

Solubility

Water solubility: Insoluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1,05

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Density and/or relative density

Density: CoA

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: relative: 3,7

Particle characteristics

The substance does not contain nanoforms.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

This substance is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### 11.1.1. Substances

a) Acute toxicity:

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

Oral route : LD50 = 1620 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): LC50 > 4.178 mg/l

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful by inhalation.

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

No data available.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

No data available.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

With or without metabolic activation.

f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant:

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.1.1. Substances

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 460 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 230 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 51 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 770 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 310 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### 12.2.1. Substances

BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance has not been evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the substance and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

# Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

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# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

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## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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### 14.4. Packing group

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# 14.5. Environmental hazards

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### 14.6. Special precautions for user

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### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2024/2564. (ATP 22)

## **Container information:**

No data available.

### Particular provisions:

No data available.

### Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

Substance not restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

### Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):

The substance is not subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/en/authorisation-list.

# Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol):

The substance does not pose a risk to the ozone layer.

### Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The substance is subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

## PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The substance is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

### **Explosives precursors:**

The substance is not subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the substance and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS07: Exclamation mark

IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

PIC: Prior Informed Consent. POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

SVHC: Substances of very high concern. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

 $WGK: Wasserge fahrdungsklasse \ (Water\ Hazard\ Class).$